


R.S. Thursday 14th November

We are learning to understand the meaning of Christians symbols found in churches and the different beliefs these express.

Cross +:

The Cross is the central focus because it is at the centre of the church. It is a symbol of hope and sacrifice. It shows the pain of what happened to Jesus.

Altar :

The Altar is at the far end of the church which is covered by with holy cloths. The church was built for the church, it was built first by the early Christians missionaries.

Pulpit: 

The pulpit: The main reason for the pulpit is used for where they do their readings. The minister is used for projecting the sermon. At the top of the book is of for common prayers.

Pews :

The 18th century box pews. They were bought or built a long time ago. The congregation stood on straw and mud. The 18th century box pews had high backs and fronts. Some have cushions and comfort.

Font P:

It would be filled up almost to the top. The font was used for the act of baptism and

It cleanses the sins. They are covers over the font so people don't touch windows. It is covered for protection/works of art.

Stained Glass windows A:

Stained glass is to decorate church windows and usually depicts stories and characters from the Bible.

When liturgy takes was especially important.

Gargols:

Gargols keep out evil and to scare of evil. Rain would pour over the gargols to protect the church. They are ornamental decoration. They are heaven on the inside and evil on the outside.

Bell Tower: 

The Bell ring has an association with Christian worship. It is used to gather people to church. Bell tower used for special occasions. It is used for special occasions.