Beach Habitat

Habitats are places that plants and animals live.

What Do Animals and Plants Need from a Habitat?

food

water

shelter

What Might You Find in a Beach Habitat?

Mammals	seal	otter	porpoise
	The		
	puffin	seagull	oystercatcher
Birds			Hurry A
	prawns	starfish	hermit crab
Minibeasts	A MAN	*	
	seaweed	marram	sea holly
Plants			

What Could We Do to Help Look after Our Beaches?

Do:

- keep a safe distance away from animals;
- leave the shells at the beach;
- take your litter home;
- take photos of plants instead of picking them.





Questions

1. What lives in a habitat? Tick one.

 \bigcirc stones

- \odot animals and plants
- \odot clouds
- 2. What do animals and plants need? Tick one.
 - \odot cars, pens and hats
 - \odot chairs, beds and TVs
 - \odot food, water and shelter
- 3. Tick a type of bird that you might find at the beach. \odot seagull
 - \odot sea holly
 - \bigcirc otter
- 4. What is a puffin? Tick one.

 \odot a minibeast

- \bigcirc a plant
- \circ a bird
- 5. Tick two things you could do to help look after our beaches. $_{\bigcirc}$ take your litter home
 - \odot drop litter
 - \odot leave the shells at the beach



Answers

1. What lives in a habitat? Tick one.

 \bigcirc stones

animals and plants

 \odot clouds

- 2. What do animals and plants need? Tick one.
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 \bigcirc a minibeast

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🖌 a bird

5. Tick two things you could do to help look after our beaches. **take your litter home**

 \odot drop litter

I leave the shells at the beach



Habitats are places that plants and animals live.

What Do Animals and Plants Need from a Habitat?

Beach Habitat

food

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What Might You Find in a Beach Habitat?

Mammals	seal	otter	porpoise
Birds	puffin	seagull	oystercatcher
Minibeasts	prawns	starfish	hermit crab
Plants	seaweed	marram	sea holly

How Are the Creatures Suited to Live Here?

Oystercatchers use their strong, flattened, red bills to break open shellfish to eat. Puffins use their wings to help them swim and dive for fish. Otters use their webbed feet to swim and their tails to push, steer and balance themselves.

What Could We Do to Help Look after Our Beaches?

- Keep a safe distance away from animals instead of touching them.
- Leave the shells at the beach instead of collecting them.
- Take litter home instead of dropping it.
- Take photos of plants and flowers instead of picking them.





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Questions

- 1. Tick two things animals and plants need from a habitat.
 - $\bigcirc \text{wings}$
 - \odot shelter
 - $\bigcirc \text{food}$
- 2. What is marram? Tick one.
 - \circ a mammal
 - \bigcirc a plant
 - 0 a minibeast
- 3. Find and copy **one word** which means 'tough'.
- 4. Complete the sentence by adding in the missing word.

Otters use their webbed feet to swim and their tails to _____, steer and balance themselves.

- 5. What could you do to help look after our beaches? Tick one.
 - \odot take photos of plants and flowers
 - \odot collect shells
 - $\odot\, {\rm pick}\ {\rm plants}\ {\rm and}\ {\rm flowers}$



Answers

1. Tick two things animals and plants need from a habitat.

 \bigcirc wings

shelter

food

2. What is marram? Tick one.

 \circ a mammal

🖌 a plant

- \odot a minibeast
- 3. Find and copy **one word** which means 'tough'. **strong**
- 4. Complete the sentence by adding in the missing word.

Otters use their webbed feet to swim and their tails to **push**, steer and balance themselves.

- 5. What could you do to help look after our beaches? Tick one. **A take photos of plants and flowers**
 - \odot collect shells
 - $\odot\, {\rm pick}\ {\rm plants}\ {\rm and}\ {\rm flowers}$



Beach Habitat

Habitats are environments that plants and animals live in. Habitats provide animals and plants with three important things: food, water and shelter.



Types of Coastal Habitats

- beaches
- sand dunes
- rocky shores
- cliffs
- muddy estuaries
- seaside towns and cities

What You Might Find in a Beach Habitat?

Beaches are important habitats for many animals and plants, including:

Mammals – harbour (common) seals, grey seals, harbour porpoise and otters;

Birds – oystercatchers, puffins, guillemots, curlews and seagulls;

Minibeasts – mussels, shore crabs, hermit crabs, shrimp, prawns, starfish, common whelks, dog whelks and razor shells;

Plants – seaweed, sea holly, marram and sea lettuce.

How Are the Creatures Suited to Live Here?

Oystercatchers have long, strong, flattened, red bills which they use to break open cockles, mussels and other shellfish to eat. Puffins use their wings to help them swim and dive for fish. Harbour seals can hold their breath for up to 10 minutes. Otters have webbed feet which help them swim well and they use their tails to propel, steer themselves and to balance.

What Could We Do to Help Look after Our Beaches?

We need to keep a safe distance away from animals. We also need to leave the shells at the beach instead of taking them away. We should take our litter home to put in the bin. We should also take photos of plants and flowers instead of picking them.





Questions

1. What do animals and plants need from their habitat?

	have long, strong, flattened,
4.	Complete the sentence.
	○ a minibeast
	○ a mammal
3.	What is a porpoise? \odot a plant
	O muddy estuaries
	○ rainforest
2.	Tick two different coastal habitats. O sand dunes

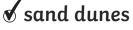
5. Which do you think is the most important thing we can do to look after our beaches and why?



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Answers

- What do animals and plants need from their habitat?
 Animals and plants need three important things from their habitat: food, water and shelter.
- 2. Tick two different coastal habitats.



 \bigcirc rainforest

I muddy estuaries

3. What is a porpoise?

 \odot a plant

🖌 a mammal

○ a minibeast

4. Complete the sentence.

Oystercatchers have long, strong, flattened, red bills which they use to break open cockles, mussels and other shellfish to eat.

5. Which do you think is the most important thing we can do to look after our beaches and why?

Child's own answers, giving at least one reason.



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Fact families – addition and subtraction bonds to 20



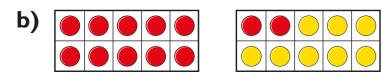
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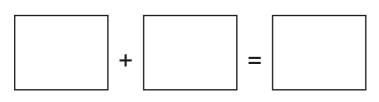


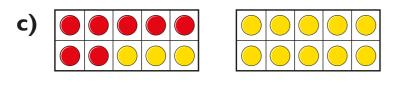
What calculations are represented?

The first one has been done for you.

a) 15 + 5 = 20

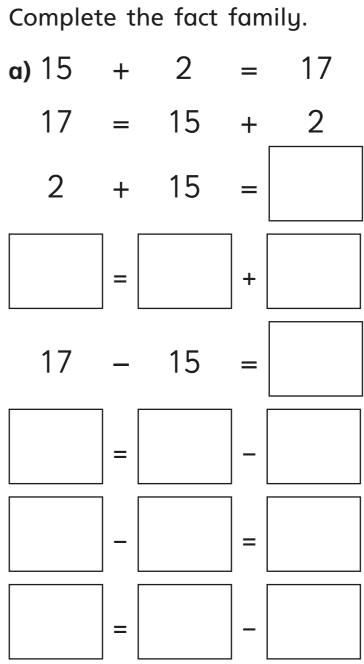






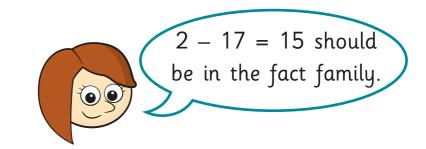


d) How many other number bonds to 20 can you make using counters and ten frames?



b)





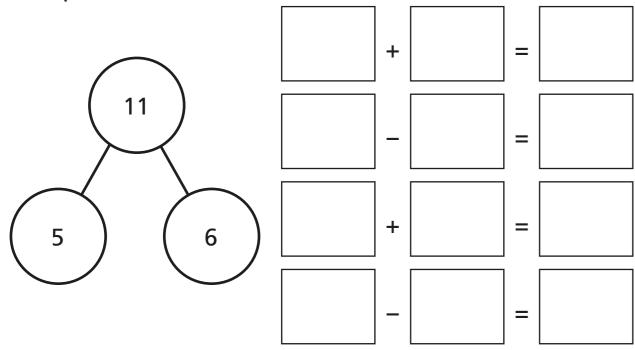
Explain why Rosie is wrong.







Complete the number sentences for the part-whole model.



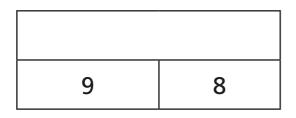
Are there any other number sentences in this fact family?

Talk about it with a partner.



There are 9 boys and 8 girls in a class.

Complete the bar model to represent this.



Write the fact family for the bar model.

Circle any incorrect calculations. 5 3 + 7 = 10 7 + 3 = 1010 - 7 = 33 - 10 = 7 7 = 10 - 3Explain the mistake that has been made. Here are some number cards. 5 7 2 Choose two number cards and find their total. += Write the fact family for this calculation.

Compare answers with a partner.

- 10 = 3 + 7
- 10 = 7 + 3
- 7 3 = 10

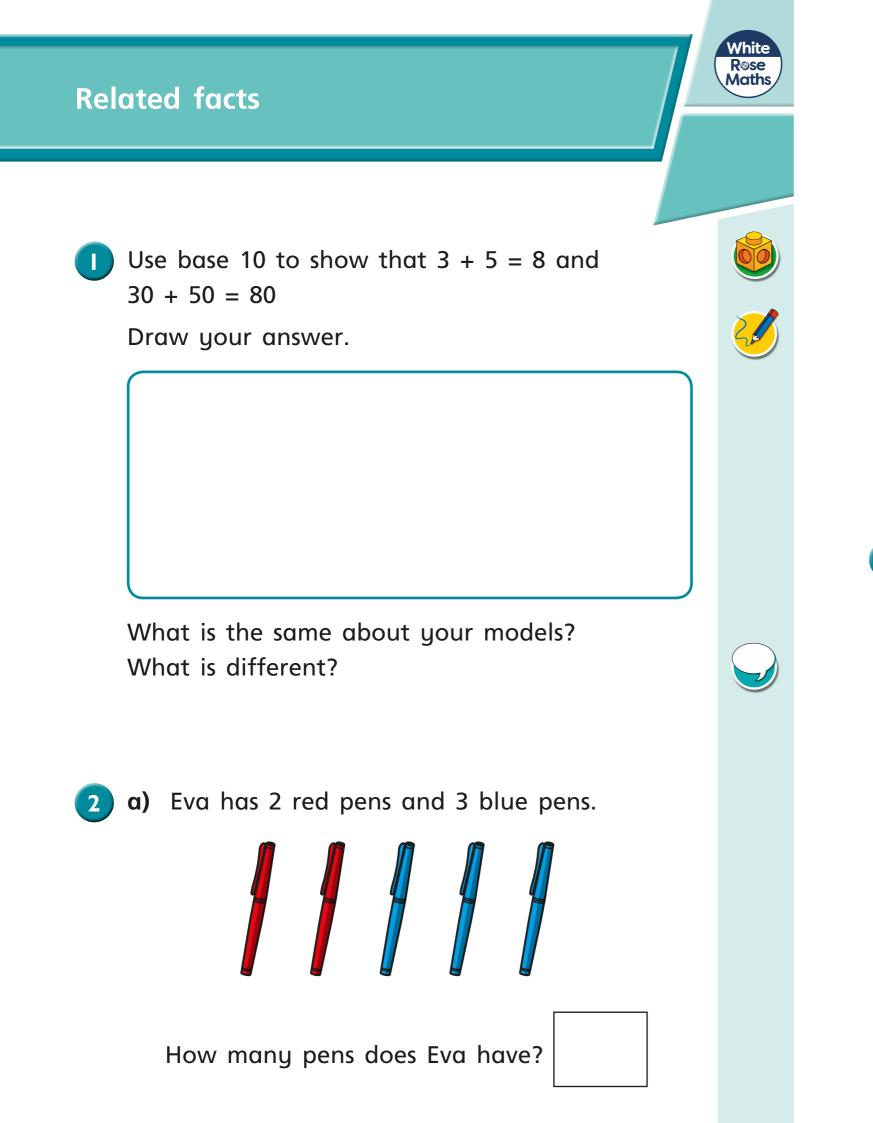




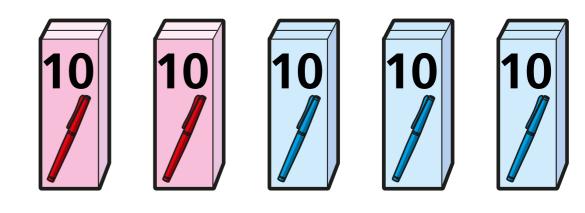








b) Tommy has 20 red pens and 30 blue pens.



How many pens does Tommy have?

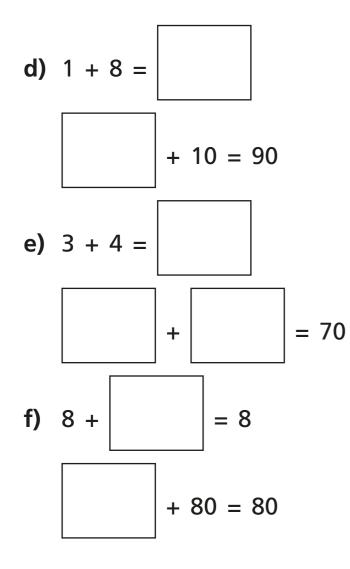
Fill in the missing numbers in the related facts. 3

a)
$$1 + 2 = 3$$

 $10 + 20 =$
b) $7 + 2 = 9$
 $70 + 20 =$
c) $4 + 6 =$

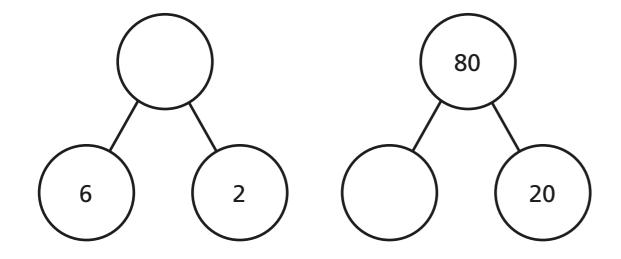
+ 60 = 100

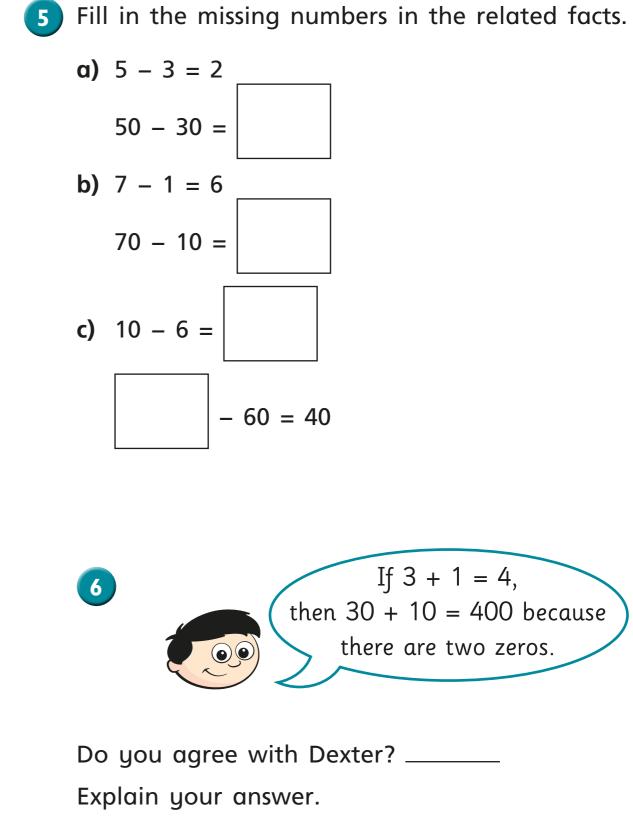
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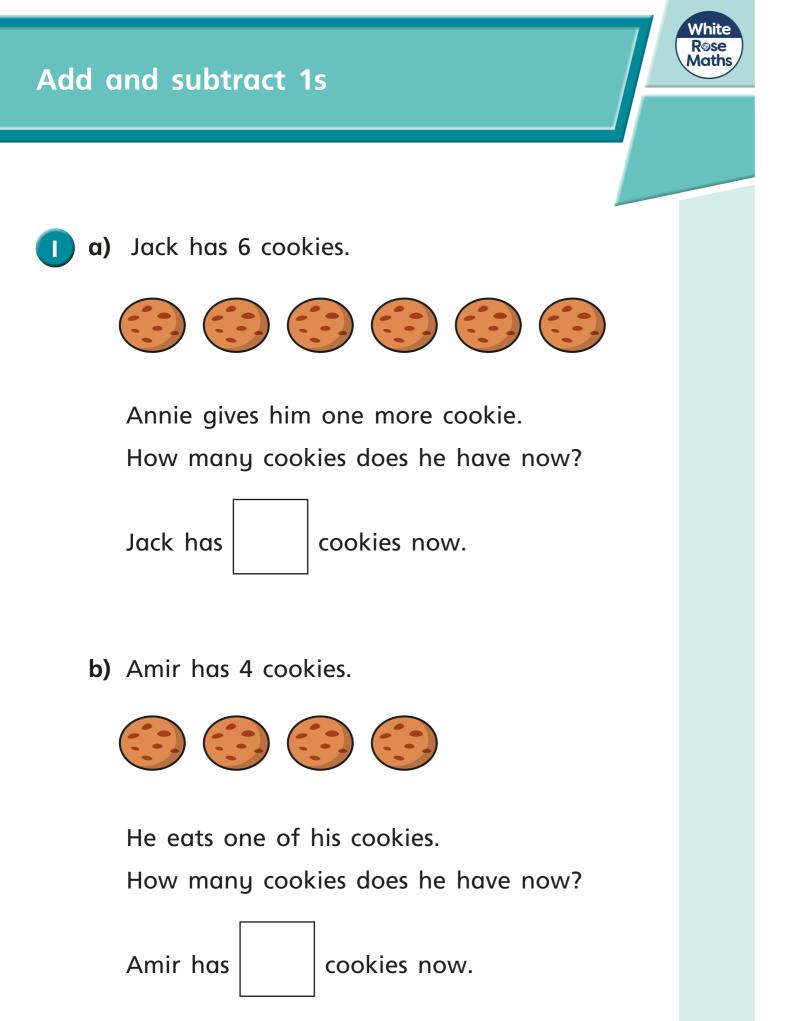
Complete the part-whole models.











Complete the number tracks. 2 a) 21 23 b) 45 47 **c)** 5 a) Filip has made a number using base 10 3 What number has Filip made? b) Rosie also makes a number using base 10 Rosie's number is one more than Filip's number.

What is Rosie's number?

	10
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